CHAPTER 8-05 FREIGHTAGE

- **8-05-01. When freightage to be paid.** A carrier may require his freightage to be paid upon his receiving the freight. If he does not demand it then, he cannot demand it until he is ready to deliver the freight to the consignee.
- **8-05-02.** Consignor liable for freightage. The consignor of freight is presumed to be liable for the freightage, but if the contract between him and the carrier provides that the consignee shall pay it and the carrier allows the consignee to take the freight, he cannot afterwards recover the freightage from the consignor.
- **8-05-03.** Consignee liable for freight. The consignee of freight is liable for the freightage if he accepts the freight with notice of the intention of the consignor that he should pay it.
- **8-05-04.** Natural increase No freightage. No freightage can be charged upon the natural increase of freight.
- **8-05-05.** Apportioned pursuant to contract. If freightage is apportioned by a bill of lading or other contract made between a consignor and carrier, the carrier is entitled to payment according to the apportionment for so much as he delivers.
- **8-05-06.** Apportionment upon acceptance of part of freight. If a part of the freight is accepted by a consignee without a specific objection that the rest is not delivered, the freightage must be apportioned and paid as to that part, though not apportioned in the original contract.
- **8-05-07. Apportionment according to distance.** If a consignee voluntarily receives freight at a place short of the one appointed for delivery, the carrier is entitled to a just proportion of the freightage, according to the distance. If the carrier, being ready and willing, offers to complete the transit, he is entitled to the full freightage. If he does not thus offer completion and the consignee receives the freight only from necessity, the carrier is not entitled to any freightage.
- **8-05-08.** Extra carriage No additional freightage. If freight is carried further or more expeditiously than was agreed upon by the parties, the carrier is not entitled to additional compensation and cannot refuse to deliver it on the demand of the consignee at the place and time of its arrival.
- **8-05-09.** Carrier's lien for freightage. A carrier has a lien for freightage which is regulated by title 35.